Name \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**French and Indian War/Age of Enlightenment Study Guide**

**Directions: Fold study guide in half. Ask the question on the left. Check by turning the page over to look at the answers on the back. (This guide can be used alone or with a partner.**

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| **Questions** | **Answers** |
| 1. What was the small post in the Ohio Valley established by George Washington called? | 1.  |
| 2. Who were the two major European powers in North America by 1700? | 2.  |
| 3. Where was George Washington’s first command? | 3.  |
| 4. What were civilian soldiers known as? | 4.  |
| 5. What event triggered an all out war between Britain and France? | 5.  |
| 6. What was the name of the important fort located at the location of present day Pittsburgh? | 6.  |
| 7. Under which British general did George Washington serve to expel the French from the Ohio River Valley? | 7.  |
| 8. What was the plan to unite the colonies against the French called? | 8.  |
| 9. Who wrote the Albany Plan of Union? What famous political cartoon originated there? | 9.  |
| 10. Who was killed in the attack of Fort Duquesne in 1758? | 10.  |
| 11. How were the French able to defeat the British at Fort Duquesne? | 11.  |
| 12. Who became Secretary of State of Britain in 1757? | 12.  |
| 13. Why did the British want to take Fort Quebec from the French? | 13.  |
| 14. Which British general succeeded in taking Fort Quebec from the French? Who did he defeat? | 14.  |
| 15. When did the French and Indian War end? | 15.  |
| 16. After the treaty was signed in 1763, the continent was divided between which two countries? | 16.  |
| 17. Which document passed by Parliament called for a halt to westward expansion by the colonists? | 17.  |
| 18. Why was the St.Lawrence River the “key to the continent”? | 18. |
| 19. How did European and Native American battle tactics differ? | 19. |
| 20. What was the significance of “Wampum”? | 20. |
| 21. Why was the city of Quebec important for the French? | 21. |
| 22. What was the secret-agend of the Iroquis “half-king” at the beginning of the French and Indian War? | 22. |
| 23. What is the name given to the larger war that the French and Indian War was a part of? | 23. |

**Age of Enlightenment Terms**

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| **Locke’s Natural Rights** | **Tabula Rasa** | **Divine Right** | **Separation of Powers** |
| **Separation of Church and State** | **Social Contract** | **Philosophy** | **John Locke** |
| **Thomas Hobbes** | **Baron Montesquieu** | **Jean Jacques Rousseau** | **Voltaire** |
| ***The Social Contract*** | ***The Spirit of Laws*** | ***The Two Treatises of Government*** | ***Candide*** |
| ***The Leviathan***  | **Utilitarianism**  | **Corruption**  | **Divine Right** |
| ***Consent of the Governed*** | **Limited Government** | **Rule of Law** | **Due Process** |
| ***State of Nature*** | **Republicanism** | **Salons** | **Direct Democracy** |
| ***Checks and Balances*** | **Absolute Monarch** | **Reason** | **The Enlightenment** |

 Concepts To Know:

1. What was Locke’s Social Contract?
2. How did Hobbes’ view people? How did that impact his views on government?
3. How did the Enlightenment influence the American Colonies?
4. What was the key books written throughout the Age of Enlightenment? Who wrote them?